

# Processing and analysis of national forest inventory data -the current Swiss and Czech systems

**Berthold Traub, WSL Switzerland**  
**Ivo Kohn, ÚHÚL Czech Republic**

2<sup>nd</sup> International Workshop on Forest Inventory Statistics, 24-25 May-2016  
at ÚHÚL, Kroměříž, Czech Republic

# Content

- The Swiss National Forest Inventory Data Analysis System (NAFIDAS)
  - Development and customers
  - Current system
  - Defining estimator calculation
  
- The Czech database and data analysis solution
  - The previous and current approach in brief



# NAFIDAS principles

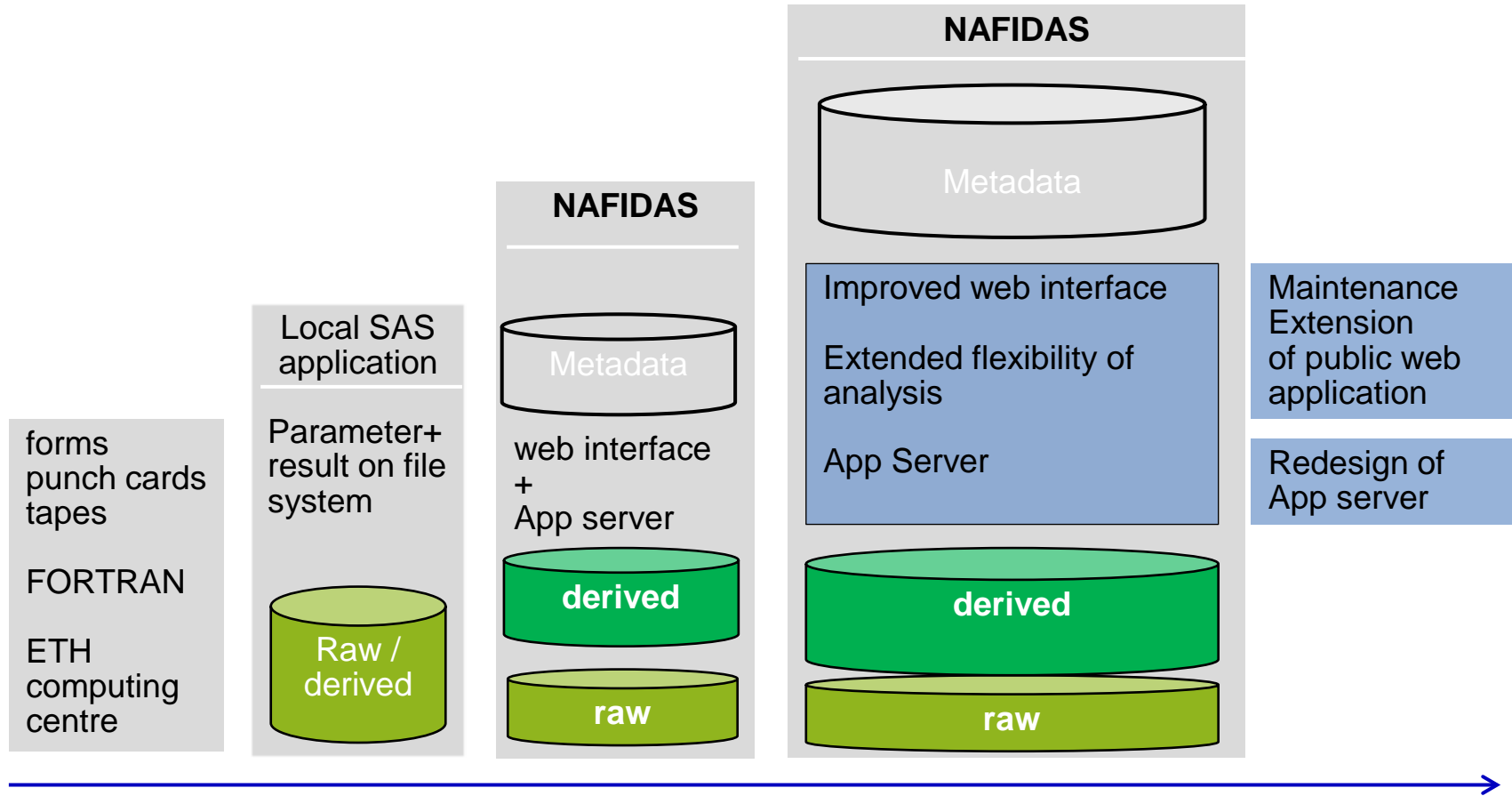
## Main requirements

- Stakeholder: flexible, sustainable and well maintainable system
- User: fast access to NFI data, user friendly definition and search functions
- Technical: sustainable logic for input, storage and output of data

## Questions

- How to maintain high data quality (reproducibility, transparency, security...)?
- How can NFI results be transparently offered to a broad user community?
- How to balance invested resources and benefits for the customer?

# History of LFI data analysis systems



Source: Traub et al. 2016 (in prep.) © WSL

NFI1  
1983–85

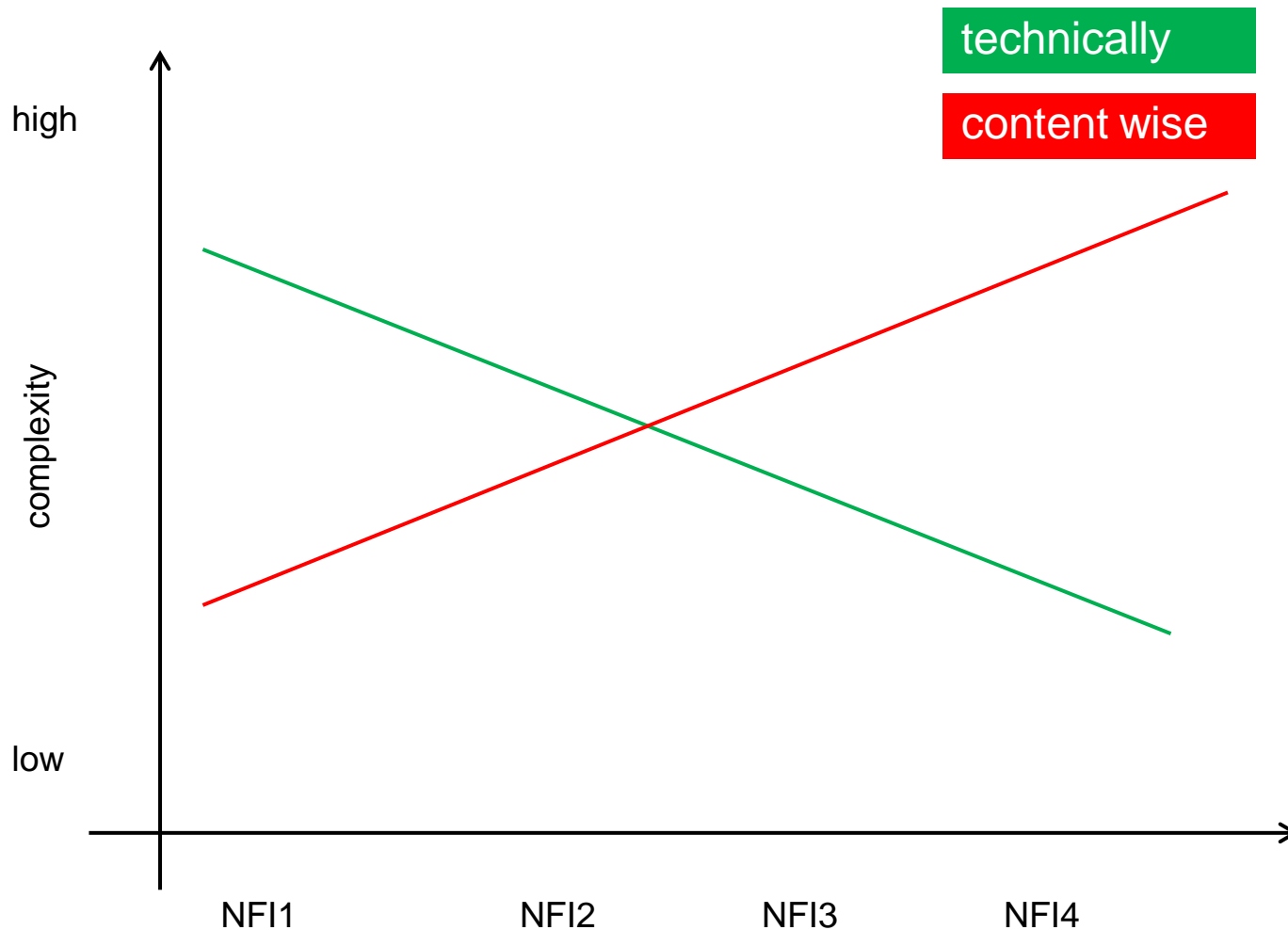
NFI2  
1993–95

NFI3  
2004–2006

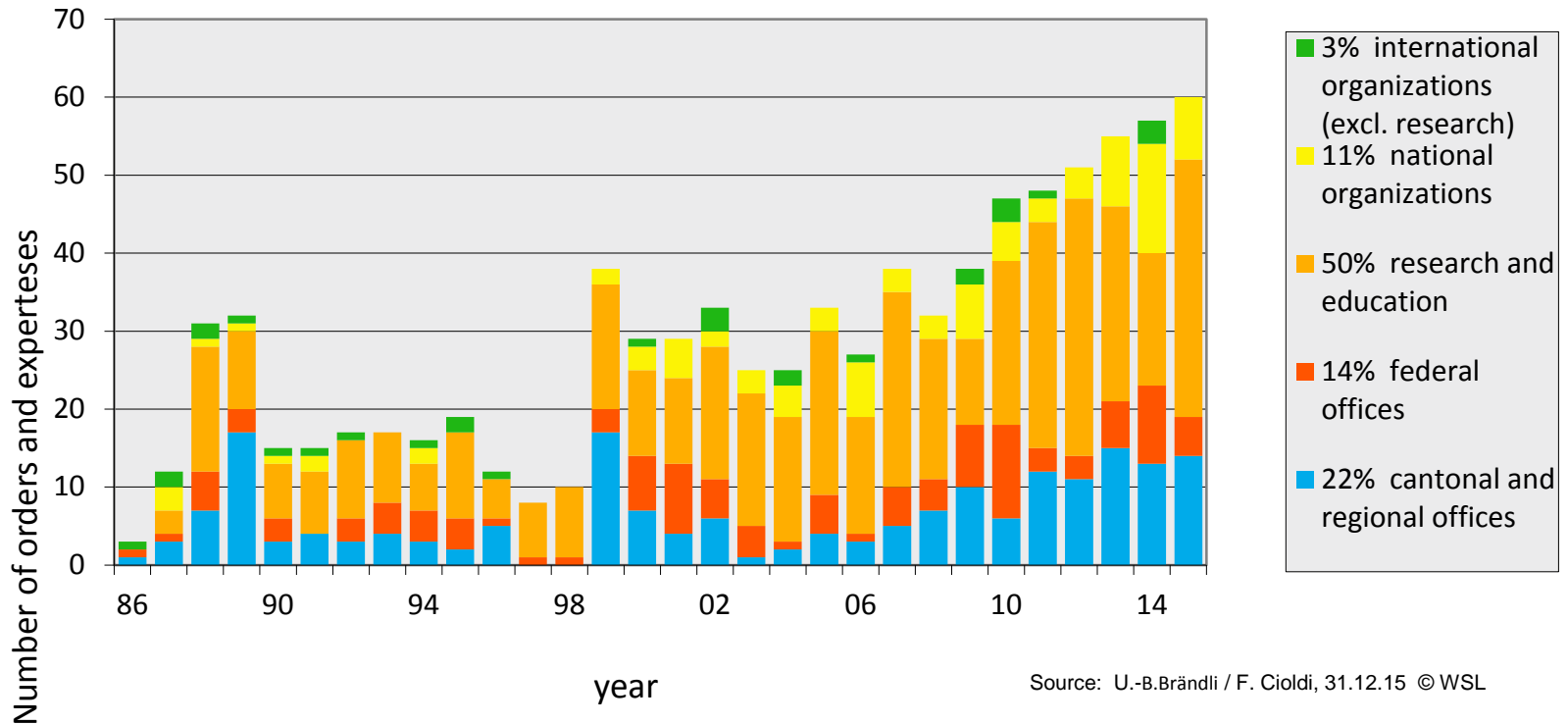
NFI4 (permanent field survey)  
2009-2017

2016-  
2020

# Development of system complexity - the internal user scope -



# Specific data supplies and analyses for customers

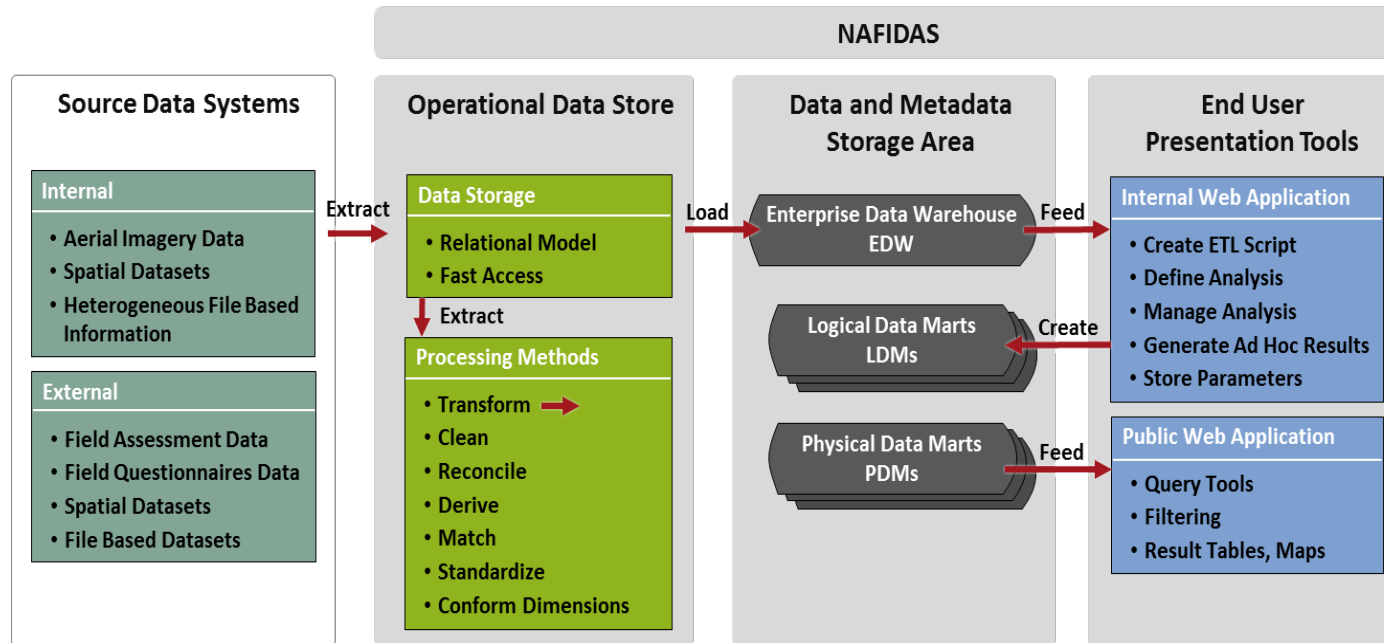


**Since 2000: increase of about 30 to 60 orders per year.**

- Increase: Orders from cantonal offices and research organisations
- Stable: Orders from federal offices and international organisations
- Volatile: Requests from national organisations



# The NAFIDAS data warehouse



Source: Traub et al. 2016 (in prep.) © WSL

- EDW Enterprise data warehouse (hosts all 'derived' data of LFI-type inventories)
- LDM Logical data mart (created according to parameter set, basis for estimator calculation)
- PDM Physical data mart (set of result tables, permanently stored)

# EDW tables – applying strict rules is key

Level 1 **CLA** Plot Table **Data Warehouse**

PlotID	InvID	Col A	Col B	...
1	0	—	—	...
2	0	—	—	...
3	0	—	—	...
...	...	...	...	...

Level 2 **WAA** Inventory Plot Table

PlotID	InvID	Col M	Col N	...
1	85	—	—	...
2	85	—	—	...
3	85	—	—	...
1	92	—	—	...
3	92	—	—	...
...	...	...	...	...

Level 3 **BAA** Inventory Tree Table

PlotID	InvID	TreeID	Col S	Col T	...
1	85	101	—	—	...
1	85	102	—	—	...
1	85	103	—	—	...
2	85	104	—	—	...
3	85	105	—	—	...
1	92	101	—	—	...
1	92	102	—	—	...
3	92	105	—	—	...
3	92	127	—	—	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

## Metadata Storage

Generate

### Structure Generating Scripts – Variables

- Defines exactly one column
- Limit the semantic scope of all values in this column

Example

Col S Creation of column S

Insert

### Record Inserting Scripts

- One script per table and inventory
- Insert records for assigned inventory with according identifier fields

Example

All tree records of inventory no. 92 inserted with their IDs

Update

### ETL Scripts

- One script per variable and inventory
- Calculate and update all values for a defined column restricted to the records of the assigned inventory

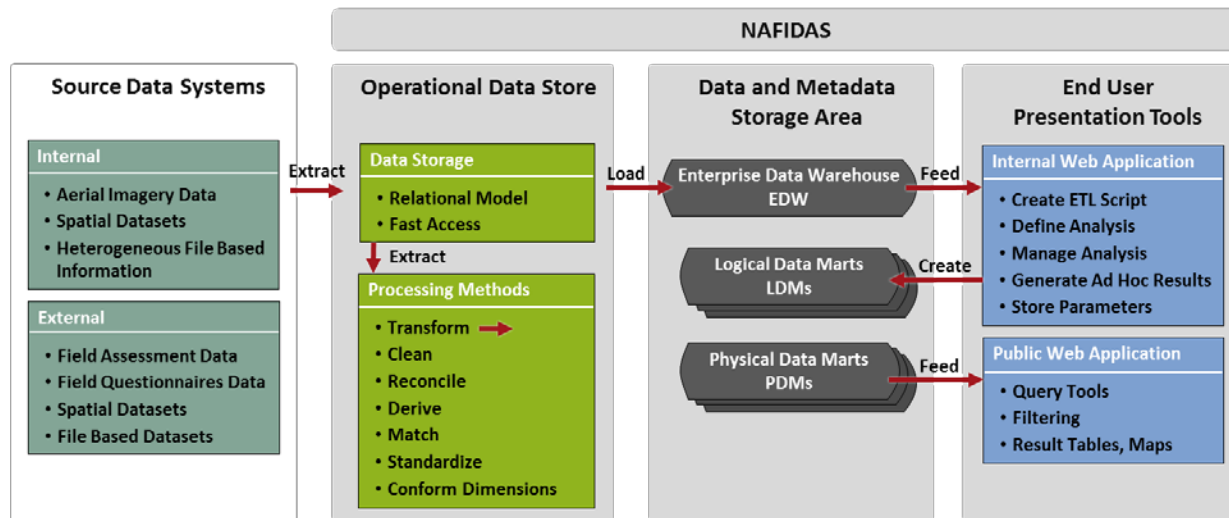
Example

Column S values being updated on all tree records of inventory no. 92

Source: Traub et al. 2016 (n prep.) © WSL

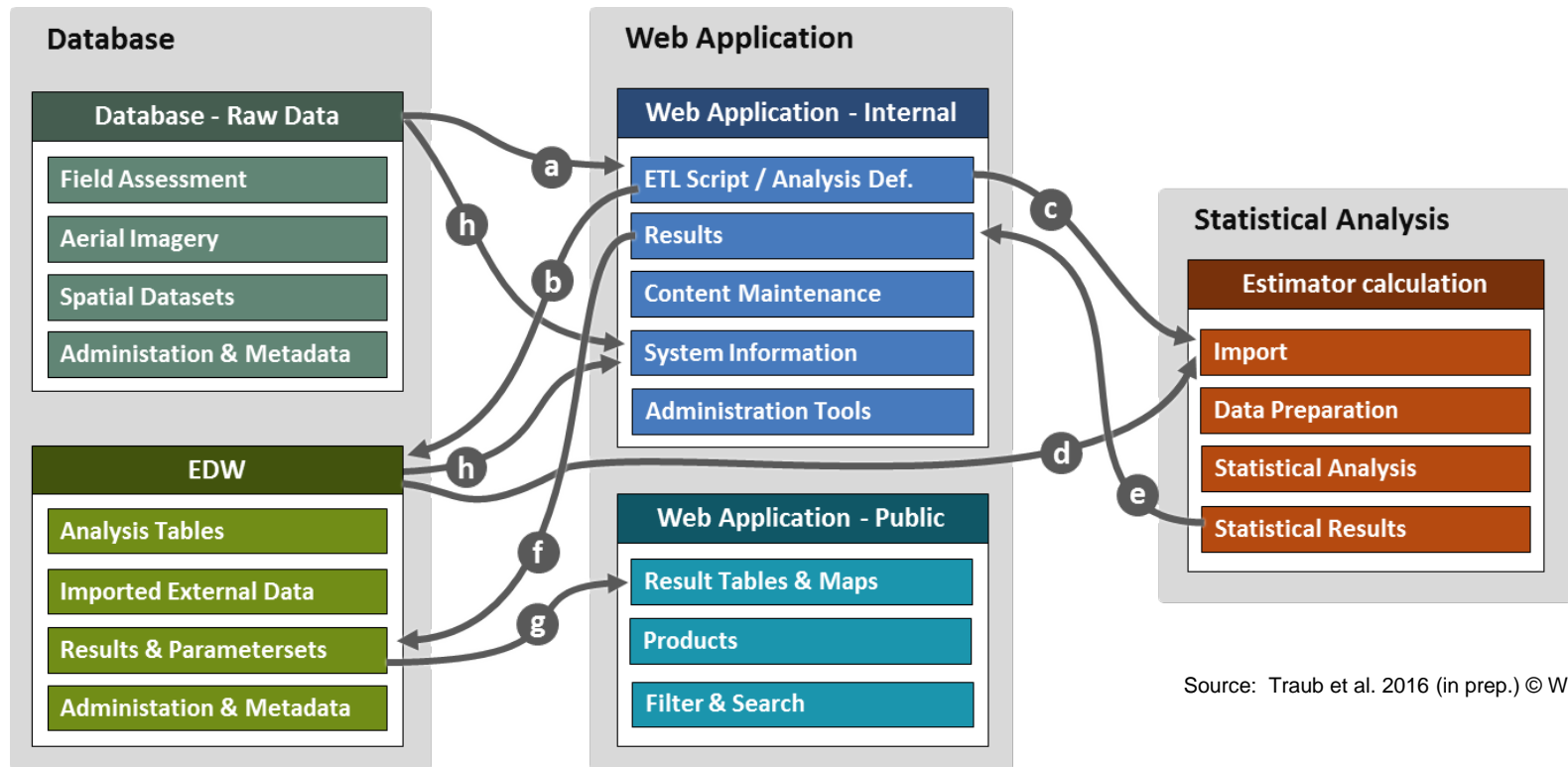
# Key properties in terms of efficiency and reproducibility

1. Loading the EDW is separated from ad hoc queries
2. ETL as well as analysis Definition is controlled by metadata
3. (Public) access to PDMs does not require data analysis



Source: Traub et al. 2016 (in prep.) © WSL

# Definition of analysis / estimator calculation



Source: Traub et al. 2016 (in prep.) © WSL

**(c) define analysis and send parameter set to Application server (CGI)**

**(d) import data (basis for LDM)**

**(e) send results back to web application (html)**

# NAFIDAS definition of an analysis

## Auswerte-Parameter festlegen

### Auswertungsart

- Differenzauswertung
- Veränderungsauswertung
- Zustandsauswertung**

### Inventur / Periode

- LF14b [452]
- LF14a [451]**
- LF13 [350]
- LF12 [250]

### Zielgröße

Zielgröße filtern

- Waldfläche ha [44]
- Vorrat m3 [21]**
- Gesamtvorrat m3 [4]
- Stammzahl Anz [73]
- Basalfläche m2 [92]
- Biomasse der lebenden Bäume kg [18]
- Biomasse der lebenden Bäume ohne vpps kg [173]

nur im Web öffentlich Publierte anzeigen

### Stichprobennetz

- Netz LF14 Pensum 2009 - 2010 [1427, N4P12]
- Netz LF14 Pensum 2009 - 2011 [1428, N4P123]**
- Netz LF14 Pensum 2011 [1521, N4P3]

### Auswertungseinheit

- zugänglicher Wald ohne Gebüschwald [434 ZWALD]**
- zugänglicher Wald ohne Gebüschwald LF13/LF14 [1429, ZGWALD34]

LFA.ADAPPZIGR

CODE	TEXT_L01	ZIGRUNIT	TABNR	ADTYPGESHA
21	Vorrat	...	4	5

LFA.ADAPPZIGRSQL

INVNR	ADAPPZIGR	ZIGRSQL
1	451	21 (vmrd+vpps)*rpstz*ipopleb*ipopbaum
2	15210	21 CASE WHEN duerr IN (1,10) THEN NULL ELSE vmrd*rpstz END



LFA.ADAPPAUSWART, ADINV



LFA.ADAPPZIGR ADAPPZIGRSQL



LFA.ADVAR



# Quality: Controlling Parameterisation II

Internal web application

EDW

Inventur / Periode

- LFI3 - LFI4b [350, 452]
- LFI2 - LFI4b [250, 452]
- LFI1 - LFI4b [150, 452]
- LFI3 - LFI4a [350, 451]

0. Befundeinheit

Befundeinheiten filtern

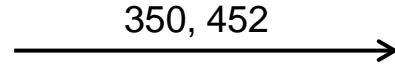
- Waldfunktion Erholung [471, WAFKTERH-]
- Waldfunktion Holzproduktion [480, WAFKTERH-]
- Waldfunktion Landschaftsschutz [473, WAFKTERH-]
- Waldfunktion Landwirtschaftliche Nutzung [474, WAFKTERH-]
- Waldfunktion Militär [468, WAFKTMILIT-]
- Waldfunktion Windschutz [478, WAFKTV-]

nur im Web öffentlich Publizierte anzeigen

WAFUNKT (forest functions)

CODE	TEXT_L01
1	wood production
2	agricultural use
3	windbreak
4	drinking water protection
5	protection forest
6	protection forest (BSF)
7	protection forest (non-BSF)
8	nature reserve
9	landscape protection

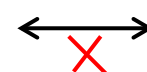
350, 452



350

452

INVNR	WAFUNKT
350	2
350	3
350	4
350	6
350	7
350	8



INVNR	WAFUNKT
452	3
452	4
452	5
452	8
452	9



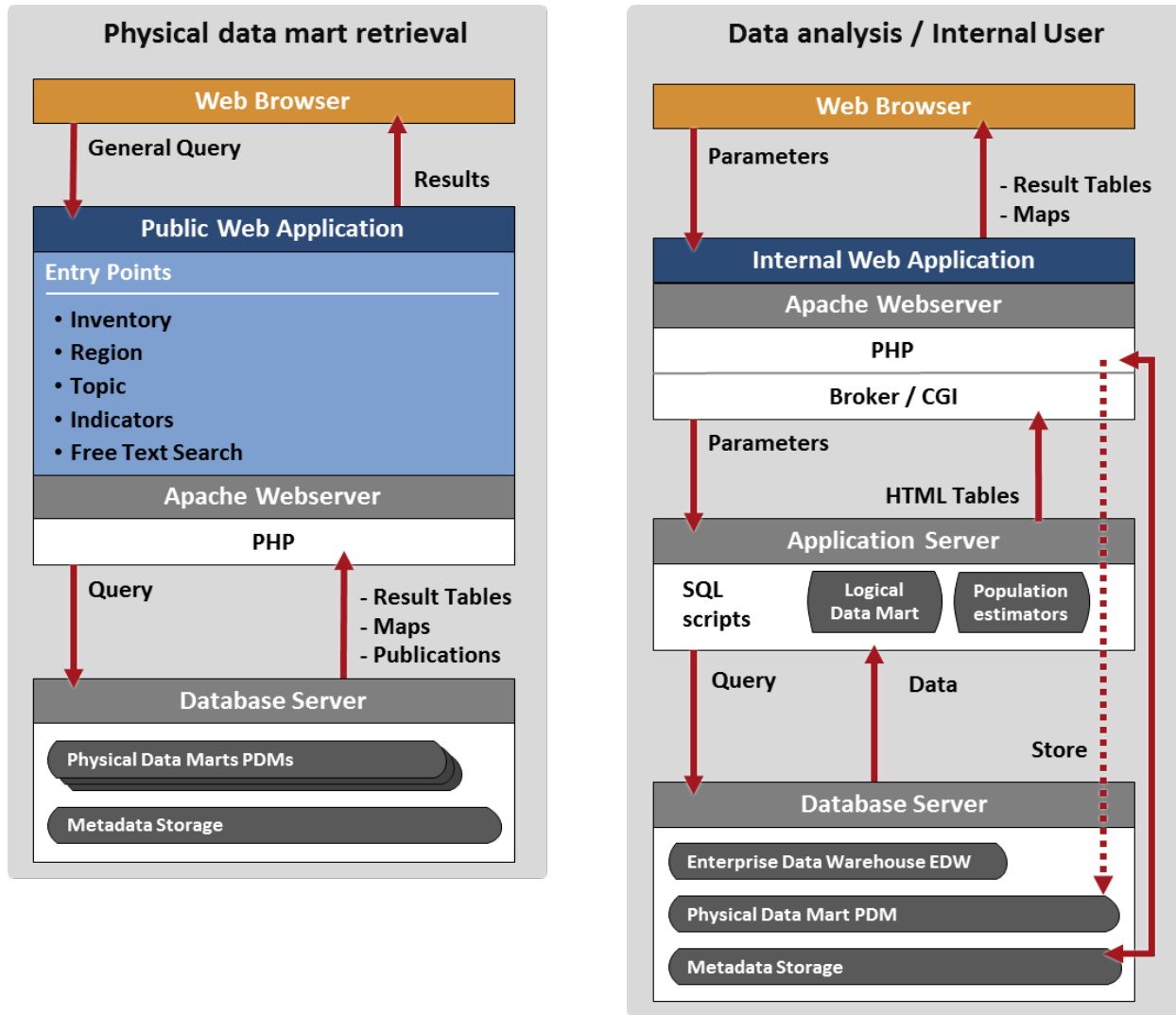
X



WAFUNKT

Source: S. Speich 2016 © WSL

# NAFIDAS client server system



Source: Traub et al. 2016 (in prep.) © WSL



# Result table

NFI4a

## volume

### lower/higher altitudinal zones - conifers and broadleaves

unit of reference: production region

unit: m<sup>3</sup>/ha

unit of evaluation: accessible forest without shrub forest

grid: terrestrial grid NFI4 pensum 2009–2011

state 2009/11

regions (known area)

(forest) domain (unknown area)

domains (unknown area)	sub-population	production region											
		Jura		Plateau		Pre-Alps		Alps		Southern Alps		Switzerland	
lower/higher altitudinal zones	conifers and broadleaves	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	± %	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	± %	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	± %	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	± %	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	± %	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	± %
lowlands	conifers	174	8	187	7	273	10	193	11	28	36	177	4
	broadleaves	219	6	187	6	198	10	149	11	195	7	192	3
	total	392	4	373	4	472	6	343	7	223	7	368	2
high altitude areas	conifers	268	8	322	25	351	5	271	4	212	9	282	3
	broadleaves	96	12	71	40	78	11	23	14	33	16	46	7
	total	364	6	393	22	429	5	294	4	245	7	329	3
total	conifers	204	6	191	6	326	5	256	4	130	10	231	2
	broadleaves	179	5	183	6	118	8	48	10	105	8	116	3
	total	383	3	374	4	443	4	304	3	235	5	348	2

© WSL, Swiss National Forest Inventory, 11.11.2015

## Calculation steps separate per region:

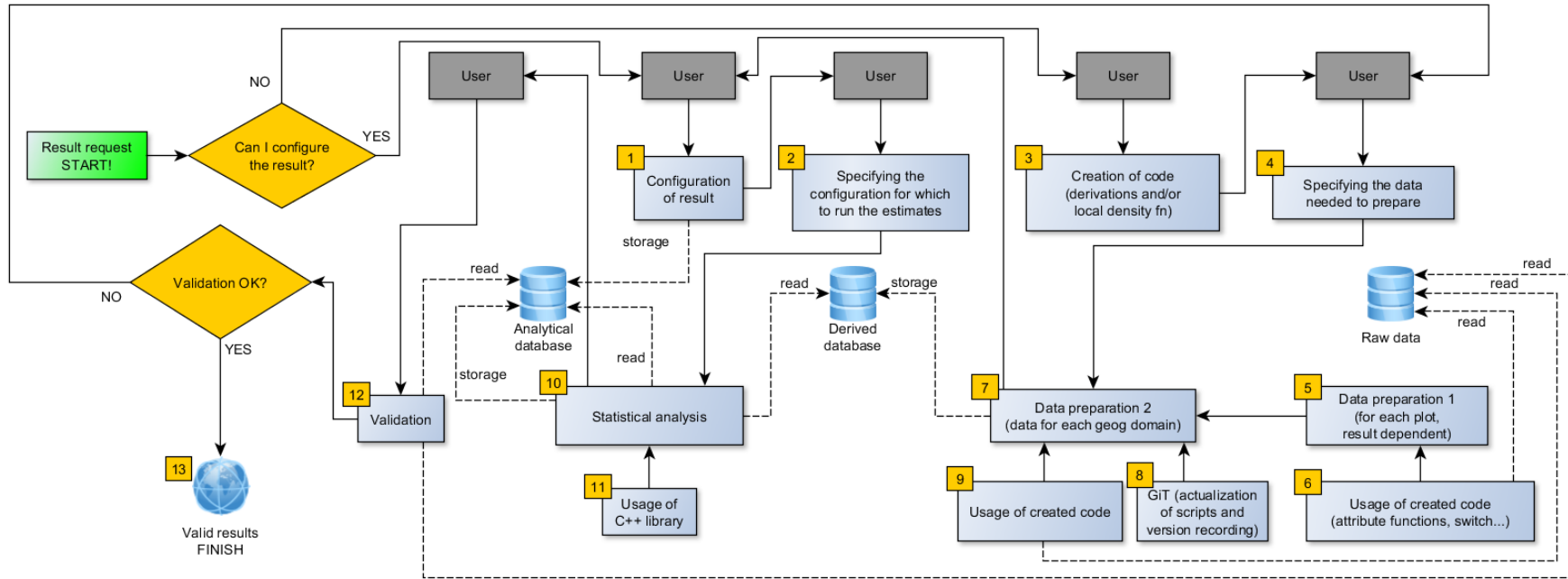
1. volume separate by domains x sub-population (cell)
2. forest area separate by domains (only by sub-population total)
3. ratio of 1 and 2 by domains x sub-population (cell)

CH total values = sum (regions)

# The Czech solution



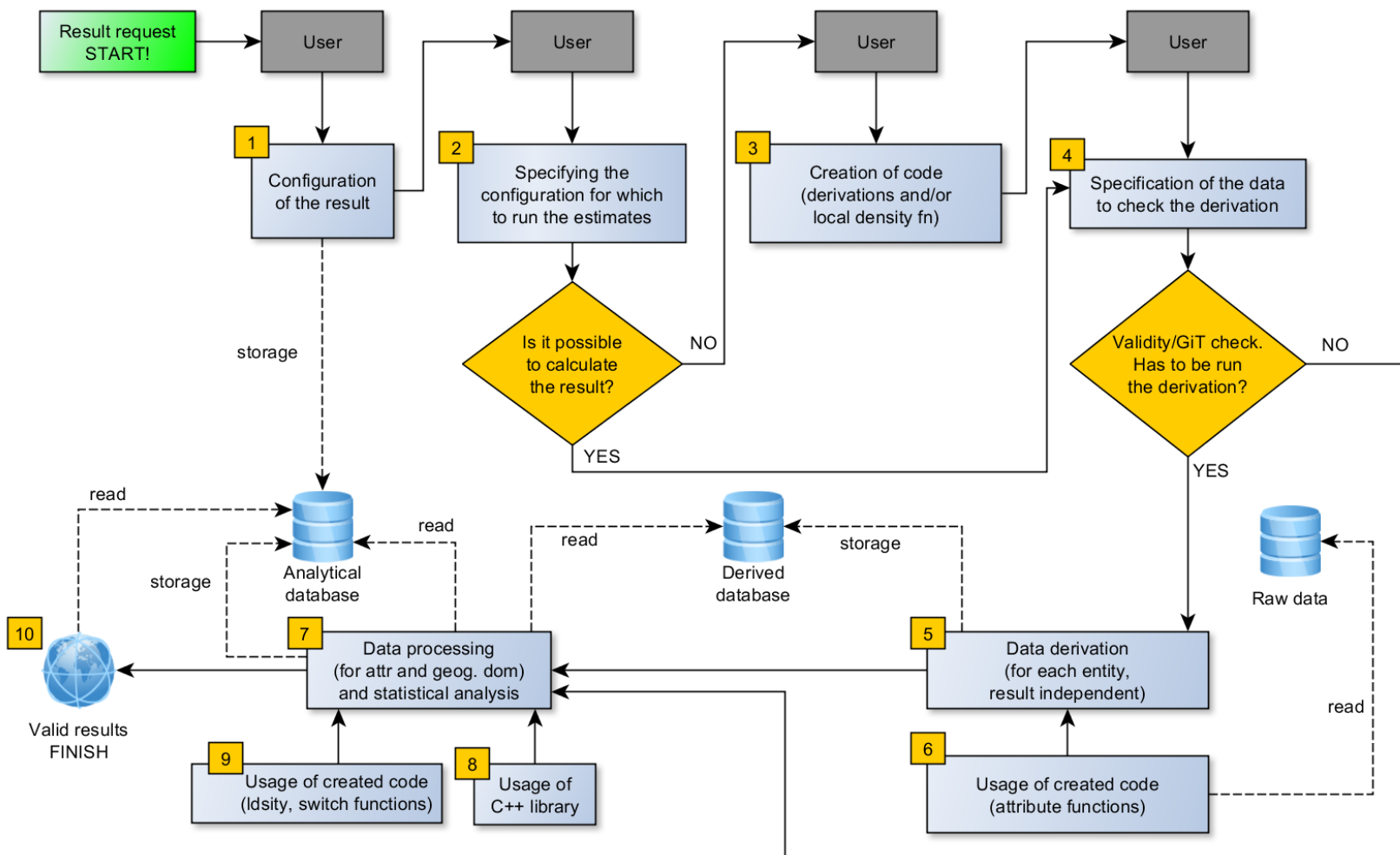
# Current state of analytical database in Czech NFI



# Pros and Cons of the Czech system

- Pros
  - Problematic cases and missing data solved by attribute functions ('derivations')
  - “Local density” stored for each plot, geographical and attribute domain
  - GiT versioning system for keeping track of changes in procedures
  - Configuration table where each result is specified
  - Fast calculation of result by C++ library
  
- Cons
  - If raw data change, difficult to find the cause (within plot)
  - All functions are called “on the fly” – machine time demanding
  - Functions has hard coded attribute sorting (new attribute domain = new function)
  - Repeatedly calling calculations
  - Storing data for attribute and geographic domain (change in 1 plot = recalculation of all data)
  - Fast calculation of result X very slow preparation of data

# Proposed improvements inspired by NAFIDAS



Thank you for listening

**ANY QUESTIONS?**





- About the NFI
- Results
- Instructions
- Search**
- Theme
- Regions
- Inventories
- Criteria and indicators
- Legacy data
- Services
- Publications
- Glossary / dictionary
- Contact

## Search for results

[go back](#)

help basket (0)

Searching for: **volume**

### Filter results

inventory	theme
<input type="checkbox"/> NFI4b (2378)	<input type="checkbox"/> annual increment (1548)
<input type="checkbox"/> NFI3–NFI4b (4249)	<input type="checkbox"/> annual increment* (573)
<input type="checkbox"/> NFI3 (2203)	<input type="checkbox"/> annual mortality (240)
<input type="checkbox"/> NFI2–NFI3 (3675)	<input type="checkbox"/> annual mortality* (72)
<input type="checkbox"/> NFI2 (1450)	<input type="checkbox"/> annual salvage logging (912)
<input type="checkbox"/> NFI1–NFI4b (285)	<input type="checkbox"/> annual salvage logging* (228)

show more...

show more...

classification	region
<input type="checkbox"/> altitude (400 m classes) (432)	<input type="checkbox"/> biogeographical region (3169)
<input type="checkbox"/> altitudinal vegetation zone (2448)	<input type="checkbox"/> canton (2540)
<input type="checkbox"/> altitudinal vegetation zone (3 classes) (20)	<input type="checkbox"/> economic region (3123)
<input type="checkbox"/> avalanches SilvaProtect (660)	<input type="checkbox"/> forest district (as of 2013) (1128)
<input type="checkbox"/> cause of salvage logging (585)	<input type="checkbox"/> production region (3387)
<input type="checkbox"/> conifers/broadleaves (3267)	<input type="checkbox"/> protection forest region (3123)

show more...

unit of evaluation	
<input type="checkbox"/> accessible forest without shrub forest	(2873)
<input type="checkbox"/> accessible forest without shrub forest NFI1/NFI2	(474)

